Lesson 7 Skills at a Glance

Writing: Prewrite

OBJECTIVE

Writing

Writing Process (Prewrite): Select a Topic, Organize Ideas

Writing: Draft

OBJECTIVE

Writing

Writing Process (Draft): Write a Summary

Writing: Revise

OBJECTIVE

Writing

- Writing Process (Revise): Revise Drafts for Focus and Coherence
- Use Revision Marks

Writing: Edit and Proofread

OBJECTIVES

Writing

Writing Process (Edit and Proofread): Check for Spelling and Grammar

Grammar

Use Compound Sentences

Writing: Present and Share

OBJECTIVE

Writing

- Writing Process (Present and Share): Create a Final Copy
- Read Writing Aloud



Write as a Recorder

Write something that you read about the balance of nature. Use words from the **Word Bank**.

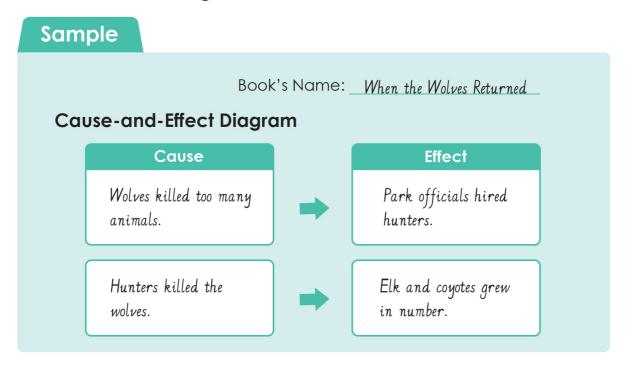
Word Bank			
amount	drought	balance	competition
behavior	ecosystem	control	nature
decrease	food chain	interact	negative
increase	level	react	positive
supply	river	scarce	resources

Follow the Writing Steps



What are the most interesting things you have learned about the balance of nature?

Use a chart to help list the most important ideas. For this article, a **Cause-and-Effect Diagram** works well.



Your Turn		
В	ook's Nam	ne:
Cause-and-Effect Diagro	am	
Cause		Effect
	1	
	-	

Notes	



Use your **Cause-and-Effect Diagram** to write your draft. Include only the most important ideas. Make sure you put all the ideas together.

Sample

- 1. Officials at Yellowstone Park once thought wolves were killing too many animals. So they paid hunters to kill all the wolves.
- 2. Hunters killed all the wolves. Without the wolves, animals like elk and coyotes grew in number, and rangers sent many of them to other parks. Scientists finally figured out what to do. They brought wolves back to Yellowstone.

Your Turn			
1			
1			-
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0			
2			-
			-
			-

Notes



Think about your draft. Use **Revision Marks** to make changes.

Revision Marks

∧ Add.

Take out.

Move to here.

Check spelling.

Exchange.

Capitalize.

Delete information that doesn't tell about the topic.

Without the wolves, animals like elk and coyotes grew in number, and rangers sent many of them to other parks?

Does your writing have a beginning, a middle, and an end? Make sure it is complete.

Scientists finally figured out what to do. They brought wolves back to Yellowstone. and the ecosystem got better.

Your Turn

Sample

· Delete information that doesn't tell about the topic.

Does your writing have a beginning, a middle, and an end? Make sure it is complete.

GO ON -

Edit and Proofread

Edit and proofread your summary. Be sure to write correct compound sentences.

Grammar Rules Kinds of Sentences	
Use a statement to tell something.	The visitor is in the village <mark>.</mark>
Use an exclamation point to show strong feeling.	The garden looks terrible <mark>!</mark>
Use a command to tell someone to do something.	Dig out the butterfly bushes <mark>.</mark> Stop those caterpillars <mark>!</mark>
Use a question to ask something. Some question words are: <i>Is, Are, Do, Does, Who, What, When, Where.</i> Some answers have contractions .	Is the boy foolish? No, he isn't. What is that? It's a wheelbarrow. Do you like the garden? Yes, I do.

Grammar Rules Compound Sentend	ces
Use and to join two ideas that are alike.	The wolves hunt coyotes, and the coyotes hunt squirrels.
Use but to join two ideas that show a difference.	The fox is little , but the bear is big.
Use or to show a choice between two ideas.	We can visit a national park , or we can go to the beach.

Unit 2 Lesson 7 Writing Project

Present and Share

esem and share	
Your Turn	
Draw an illustration or paste a photo to show the summary.	
by	
Notes	

Notes _____

Use the Writing Rubrics to check and self-evaluate your writing.

Writing Rubrics	
I wrote about	_
I organized my ideas in a Cause-an Effect Diagram.	ıd-
yes no	
3 My ideas were clear.	
yes no	
4 I checked my language.	
yes no	
5 This is the best part of my writing:	
	_
	_
What do you think about your writing? Choo face to color.	ose a

